

CORRECTION

Correction: Hepatic glycogen storage diseases are associated to microbial dysbiosis

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[Fig 3](#) is incorrect. The authors have provided a corrected version here.

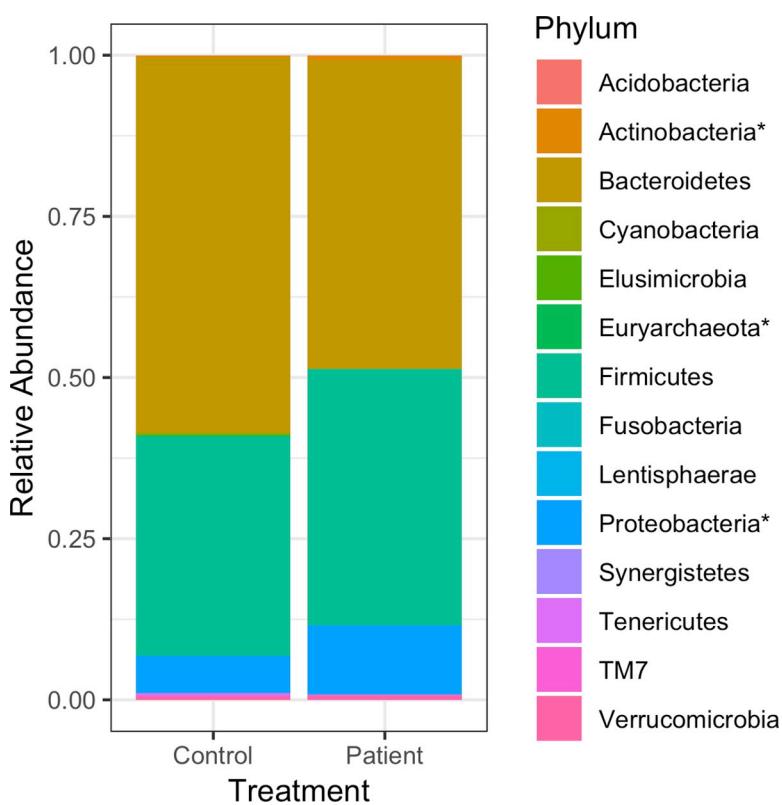


Fig 3. The average relative abundance of phyla found in GSD patients and healthy controls. Phyla followed by an asterisk (*) are different, both in terms of statistics and biological consistency, between patients and controls at p and $\text{FDR} \leq 0.05$: *Euryarchaeota* (LDA score = 1.75), *Actinobacteria* (LDA score = 3.06) and *Proteobacteria* (LDA score = 3.94). *Firmicutes* was marginally significantly different with $p = 0.064$, LDA score = 4.52 and $\text{FDR} = 0.112$.

<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0218254.g001>



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[Fig 4](#) is incorrect. The authors have provided a corrected version here.

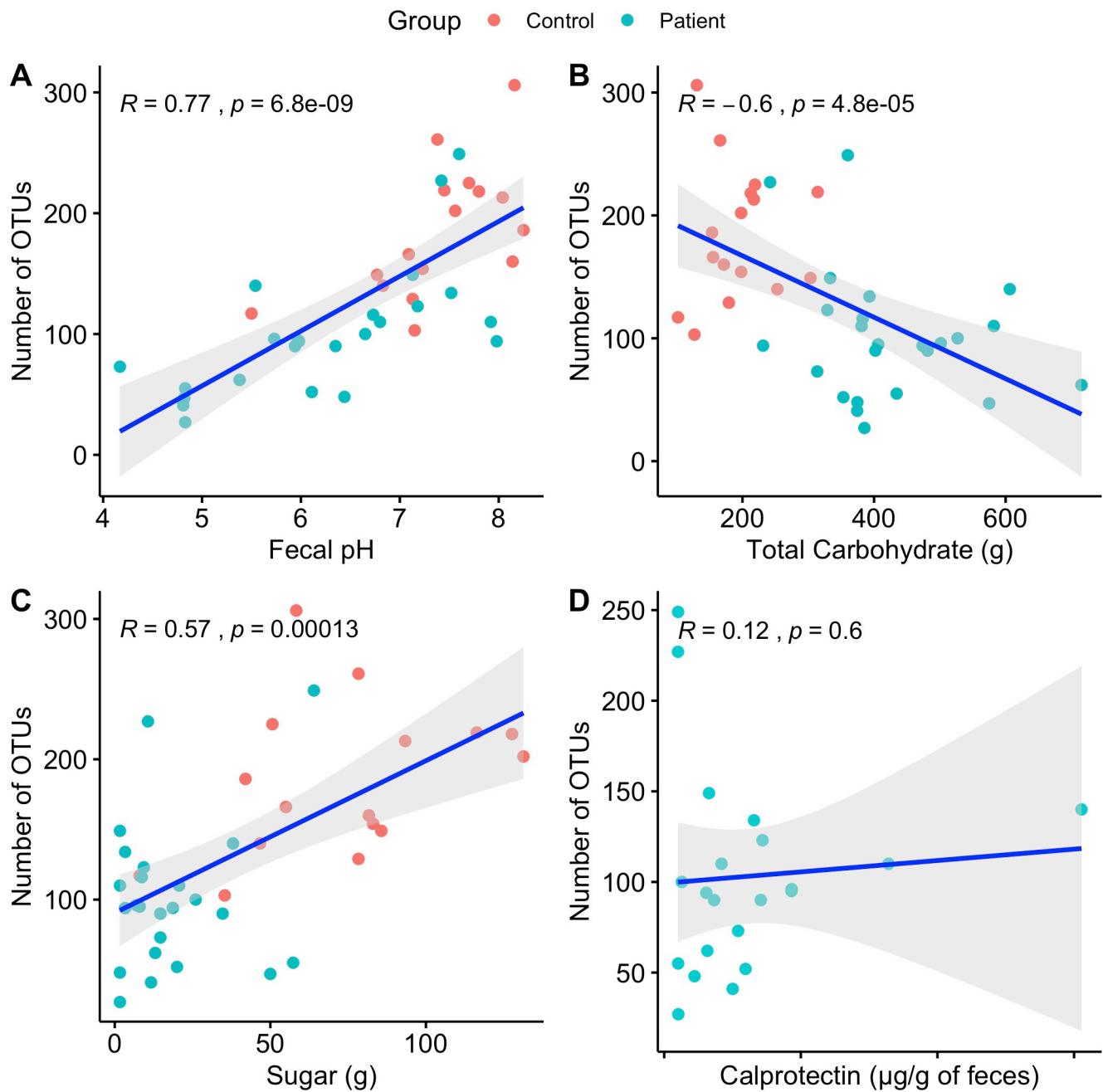


Fig 4. Correlations between the microbiota and diet, faecal pH, and gut inflammation.

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Reference

- Colonetti K, Bento dos Santos B, Nalin T, Moura de Souza CF, Triplett EW, Dobbler PT, et al. (2019) Hepatic glycogen storage diseases are associated to microbial dysbiosis. PLoS ONE 14(4): e0214582. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0214582> PMID: 30939160